

Data Centre and Virtualization

# Preparing Your DR for 2021

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## **Biography**

Sarah Doherty, Product Marketing Manager at iland Cloud (https://www.iland.com). Prior to joining iland marketing, Sarah held alliance, marketing and business development roles at IBM, Symantec, Dell, Sungard and Hitachi.

In her role at iland, Sarah helps to create iland's product messaging, content, and launch activity.

Sarah graduated with an economics degree from Brown University.

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# Abstract

Technology disasters can happen at any time. An IT disaster can be any unexpected problem that results in a slowdown, interruption or failure in a key system or network. These problems can be caused by natural disasters, technology failures, malicious acts, or simple human error. But whatever the cause, service outages, connectivity failures, data loss, and related technical issues can disrupt business operations, causing lost revenues, increased expenses, customer service problems, and reduced workplace productivity. In this article, the author advocates planning now so that you are prepared later – the consequences of procrastination come at a heavy price.

# Introduction – time to focus on Disaster Recovery

Disasters just aren't what they used to be. Traditionally it was thought that a disaster was defined by an act of nature, but today with worldwide networks, Web apps, and 24×7 customer call centers, even an electrical failure could be disastrous when crashing communications and online transactions.

For any business, putting together priorities, business continuity needs to be understood. When critical information or communication systems are not working properly, it is much more than just an inconvenience for an organization but highly detrimental to the business resulting in weakened customer trust; missing or corrupted digital records or legal documents (and the legal consequences of GDPR): lost revenue; and a decrease in productivity within the business.



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These can all happen during natural disasters as we have seen frequently during the past year, but also business as usual has forever changed with the pandemic of 2020. Business critical systems may shut down or be unavailable for any period of time which can have devastating cost effects to any business. In addition, there is an increased need for new business practices relating to remote workers, unavailable tape backups, etc.

It is vital to the wellbeing of any organization to have a solid disaster recovery plan. Although, even with all of the disruptions which occurred last year, it still appears that many CIOs are not readying their companies for the next disastrous event. The need for business critical and customer-facing systems to be ready for whatever may happen now and in the future needs to be addressed in any IT plan.



Organizations need to consider the impact and cost of downtime when preparing for any type of disaster. Unexpected IT outages can have both direct consequences both short and long term. These direct losses can involve:

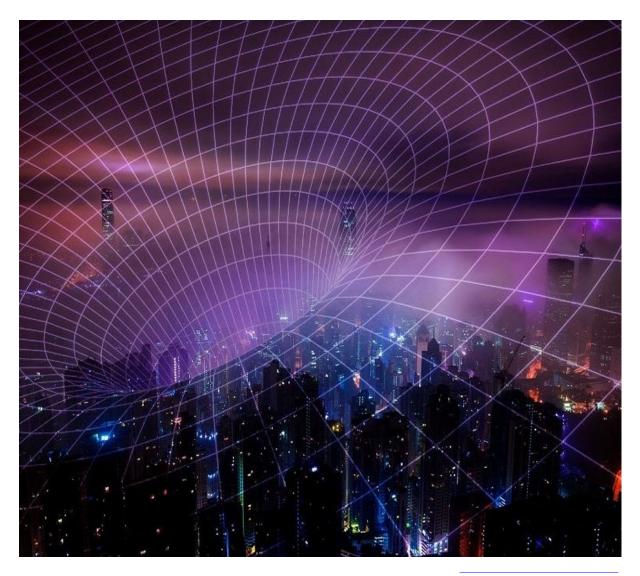
- Lost sales revenue;
- Lost employee productivity due to malfunctioning systems or Internet (think in terms of salaries and benefits);



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- Potential employee overtime costs to meet deadlines following a period of disruption;
- IT recovery costs;
- Cost of restoring IT systems (some data may be forever lost);
- Supply chain ripple effects; and
- Where applicable, compliance violations or materials lost.

While this list may in no way be exhaustive, it begins to demonstrate the reasons why downtime can be so devastating. It is also important to remember that there are also other intangible effects that may be harder to quantify with a dollar amount including the impact on customer dissatisfaction; low employee morale or turnover due to stress/consequences of downtime; and brand/loyalty damage.





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According to a survey by The Ponemon Institute<sup>1</sup>:

- The average downtime across industries costs a company \$5,600 per minute.
- The average reported incident length was 90 minutes, resulting in an average cost per incident of approximately \$505,500<sup>2</sup>.
- For a total data centre outage, which had an average recovery time of 134 minutes, average costs were approximately \$680,000.
- For a partial data centre outage, which averaged 59 minutes in length, average costs were approximately \$258,000.

The report cited the highest cost of a single event at about \$1 million (more than \$11,000 per minute).

## In conclusion

No matter what the cause, downtime impacts more than just day-to-day operations. Some operations may survive some data loss, but others are dependent on data sharing, or are required to archive information to meet strict audit, regulatory and compliance requirements. It is important to remember that businesses that have a global workforce that collaborate around the clock, or provide services 24/7, also cannot afford any type of data loss.

It is inevitable that everyone may experience a system failure, outage or complete site disaster at some point during their career. Organizations may have a full or partial disaster recovery plan in place, but it really needs to be addressed as to whether that plan can recover critical applications and data in a timely manner in order to meet corporate business continuity requirements as well as customer expectations? Now is the right time to review priorities and be sure that there is the right plan in place to meet any business needs.

## Reference

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